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The Center for Information & Research on Civic Learning & Engagement

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Massachusetts Youth Voter Turnout Doubles 231,000 Citizens Under the Age of Thirty Participate in Massachusetts Primary Massachusetts Youth Support Democratic Candidate Clinton and Republican Candidate Romney

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Washington, DC - 25 percent of eligible Massachusetts citizens under the age of 30 participated in last night's primary, according to preliminary estimates by CIRCLE (The Center for Information & Research on Civic Learning & Engagement). More than 62,000 young people participated in the Republican primary and roughly 169,000 in the Democratic primary. (See Table 2.)



Table 1 – Presidential Primary Participation in 2008 and 2000							
18-to-29-Year-Old Citizens							
	Youth	Turnout Rate of	Overall	Number of	Youth		
Massachusetts Primary	Turnout Age 30 and		Turnout	Youth Who	as Share of		
_	Rate	Over	Rate	Voted	All Voters		
2008	25 %	40%	37 %	231,022	14 %		
2000	11%	29%	26%	90,986	8%		

2000 11% 29% 26% 90,986 8% Source: The share of primary voters is obtained from the 2008 Massachusetts Republican and Democratic exit polls conducted by Edison/Mitofsky. The numbers of votes cast are obtained from the CNN.com (as of 6:30 am eastern time, 2/5 /2008; 97% of precincts reporting.) Estimated voter turnout is obtained by taking the estimated number of votes cast and dividing it by the estimated population of 18-to 29-year-old citizens and citizens over the age of 30 from the Current Population Survey (2007).

See p.3 for definitions.

The results from last night in Massachusetts punctuate the findings of national focus groups that CIRCLE conducted last fall. The research showed that college students are deeply concerned about issues, involved personally as volunteers, and ready to consider voting. But they want political leaders to be positive, to address real problems, and to call on all Americans to be constructively involved.

"Young Americans have been turning out to vote at remarkable rates in these primaries. This reflects their deep concern about the critical issues at stake and the impact of this election on our country's future," said CIRCLE Director, Peter Levine. "Since 2000, young people have been volunteering at high rates and are becoming more interested in news and public affairs. Now they are ready to consider voting as a way of addressing major problems. The Millennials are beginning to make their distinctive and lasting mark on American politics."

Comparisons to other caucuses and primaries must be made with caution, because turnout is affected by the date of the primaries and by the nature of the Democratic and Republican presidential campaigns, which are different in every state. "Closed" primaries and caucuses tend to depress turnout since Independents cannot participate.

Because there is no actual count of the number of votes cast by young people in the Massachusetts primaries, we can only estimate their level of participation. Our turnout estimates are based on early vote tallies reported by the media, the share of voters who are

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young calculated by the National Election Pool exit/entrance polls, and an estimate of the eligible voting population obtained from the Census Current Population Survey (CPS). The 2008 voter turnout rate may rise as more votes are tallied. (The early vote tally does not include such votes as absentee ballots and provisional ballots.) As a result, our 2008 turnout rate likely underestimates the level of participation in the 2008 Massachusetts primaries. The following table provides estimates of youth participation in the Massachusetts primary by party.

The table below shows youth participation in past Massachusetts primaries. Comparisons to past primaries should be made with caution since in 2004, Massachusetts did not hold a Republican primary.



Table 2 – 2008, 2004, and 2000 Presidential Primary Participation by Party,

Ages 18-29							
	Demo	cratic	Republican				
	Number of	Share of	Number of	Share of			
	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary			
	Participants	Participants	Participants	Participants			
2008	168,863	14%	62,159	13 %			
2004	55,367	9%	N/A	N/A			
2000	45,722	8%	45,264	9%			

Youth turnout increased in the Iowa caucuses where the youth turnout tripled compared to 2004, rising from four percent of eligible citizens in 2004 to 13 percent in 2008. In New Hampshire, the youth vote soared to 43 percent, up from 28 percent in 2000. In the Democratic contest, with the exception of Florida, Obama has won the largest share of the youth vote (ages 18-29). In the Republican contest, youth support has varied by state. (See Table 3.)



by Party								
		Dem	ocratic Cand		Republican Candidates			
		Clinton	Edwards	Obama	Huckabee	McCain	Paul	Romney
Massachus etts	Ages 18-29	49%	0%	48%	4%	36%	6%	52%
Florida	Ages 18-29	44%	11%	43%	18%	30%	5%	23%
South Carolina	Ages 18-29	23%	10%	67%	35%	28%	7%	12%
Nevada	Ages 18-29	33%	7%	59%	7%	13%	19%	50%
New Hampshire	Ages 18-29	28%	13%	51%	13%	31%	18%	23%
Iowa	Ages 17-24	10%	14%	57%	37%	8%	20%	21%
	Ages 25-29	15%	12%	57%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Source: www.cnn.com								

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This increase in youth turnout in the early primary season continues a trend observed in other elections since 2000. In the 2006 congressional elections, the voter turnout rate among 18-to

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29-year-olds increased by three percentage points compared to the previous congressional election of 2002. And in the 2004 presidential election, the national youth voter turnout rate rose 9 percentage points compared to 2000, reaching 49 percent. In 2004, under-30-year-olds were registered to vote at the highest rate in 30 years.

Definitions

Youth: For the purpose of the Massachusetts primary, we define "youth" as citizens between the ages of 18 and 29 on February 5, 2008.

Number of youth who voted: An estimate of how many youth participated.

Youth share primary participants: An estimate of the number of young people who participated in the primaries as a percentage of the number of *all people* who participated in the primaries.

Youth turnout rate: An estimate of the number of young people who participated in the primaries as a percentage of the total number of young people who were eligible to participate in either primary.

The youth turnout rate is the best indicator of how young Americans are engaging in the political process. The other statistics—the sheer number of youth participants and the youth share of the electorate—can change because of factors unrelated to youth engagement.

CIRCLE (The Center for Information and Research on Civic Learning and Engagement) promotes research on the civic and political engagement of Americans between the ages of 15 and 25. Since 2001, CIRCLE has conducted, collected, and funded research on the civic and political participation of young Americans. CIRCLE is based in the University of Maryland's School of Public Policy and is funded by The Pew Charitable Trusts, Carnegie Corporation of New York and several other foundations.